#### SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D.C. 20549

### **FORM 10-Q**

(Mark One) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE **SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934** FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2008 OR TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 FOR THE TRANSITION PERIOD FROM \_\_\_\_\_\_to \_\_\_\_. Commission File Number 1-10427 ROBERT HALF INTERNATIONAL INC. (Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter) **Delaware** 94-1648752 (I.R.S. Employer (State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.) 2884 Sand Hill Road Suite 200 Menlo Park, California 94025 (Address of principal executive offices) (zip-code) Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (650) 234-6000 Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes ⊠ No □ Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. (Check one): Large accelerated filer \( \subseteq \) Accelerated filer Non-accelerated filer Smaller reporting company Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock as of September 30, 2008:

Act). Yes  $\square$  No  $\boxtimes$ 

155,142,517 shares of \$.001 par value Common Stock

#### PART I—FINANCIAL INFORMATION

#### ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### ROBERT HALF INTERNATIONAL INC. AND SUBSIDIARIES

## CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except share amounts)

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 373,692	\$ 310,000
Accounts receivable, less allowances of \$32,063 and \$28,464	586,762	593,169
Deferred income taxes and other current assets	171,857	156,469
Total current assets	1,132,311	1,059,638
Goodwill and other intangible assets, net	192,143	195,143
Property and equipment, net	148,785	152,311
Deferred income taxes	50,711	43,206
Total assets	\$1,523,950	\$1,450,298
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 121,395	\$ 108,070
Accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations	345,814	323,264
Income taxes payable	183	16,248
Current portion of notes payable and other indebtedness	103	370
Total current liabilities	467,495	447,952
Notes payable and other indebtedness, less current portion	3,541	3,753
Other liabilities	13,864	14,544
Total liabilities	484,900	466,249
Commitments and Contingencies (Note G)		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Preferred stock, \$.001 par value authorized 5,000,000 shares; issued and outstanding		
zero shares	_	_
Common stock, \$.001 par value authorized 260,000,000 shares; issued and		
outstanding 155,080,783 shares and 158,057,575 shares	155	158
Capital surplus	964,598	915,038
Accumulated other comprehensive income	50,723	68,853
Retained earnings	23,574	
Total stockholders' equity	1,039,050	984,049
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$1,523,950	\$1,450,298

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share amounts)

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Mont Septemb				
		2008		2007	2008			2007
Net service revenues	\$1	,160,086	\$1	,179,045	\$3	3,610,717	\$3	3,425,598
Direct costs of services, consisting of payroll, payroll taxes, insurance costs and reimbursable expenses		676,513		678,252	2	2,099,532		1,971,391
Gross margin		483,573		500,793	1	,511,185		1,454,207
Selling, general and administrative expenses		374,120		381,031	1	,161,944		1,104,046
Amortization of intangible assets		618		748		1,877		1,840
Interest income, net		(1,318)		(3,125)		(4,838)		(10,215)
Income before income taxes		110,153		122,139		352,202		358,536
Provision for income taxes		44,332		48,176		141,029		141,140
Net income	\$	65,821	\$	73,963	\$	211,173	\$	217,396
Basic net income per share	\$	.44	\$	.47	\$	1.38	\$	1.35
Diluted net income per share	\$	.43	\$	.46	\$	1.37	\$	1.32
Shares:								
Basic		150,839		158,480		152,754		161,014
Diluted		152,786		161,903		154,561		165,166
Cash dividends declared per share	\$	.11	\$	.10	\$	.33	\$	.30

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY (UNAUDITED) (in thousands, except per share amounts)

		ths Ended iber 30,
	2008	2007
COMMON STOCK—SHARES:		
Balance at beginning of period	158,058	167,848
Net issuances of restricted stock	2,213	1,299
Repurchases of common stock	(6,809)	(10,689)
Exercises of stock options	1,619	2,552
Balance at end of period	155,081	161,010
COMMON STOCK—PAR VALUE:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 158	\$ 168
Net issuances of restricted stock	2	1
Repurchases of common stock	(7)	(11)
Exercises of stock options	2	3
Balance at end of period	\$ 155	\$ 161
CAPITAL SURPLUS:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 915,038	\$1,003,926
Net issuances, and other changes to, restricted stock—excess over par value	(2)	(1)
Repurchases of common stock—excess over par value	(34,251)	(203,785)
Stock-based compensation expense—restricted stock and stock units	48,656	39,547
Stock-based compensation expense—stock options	3,803	7,385
Exercises of stock options—excess over par value	27,096	48,614
Tax impact of equity incentive plans	4,258	21,317
Balance at end of period	\$ 964,598	\$ 917,003
ACCUMULATED OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ 68,853	\$ 38,577
Translation adjustments, net of tax	(18,130)	27,501
Balance at end of period	\$ 50,723	\$ 66,078
RETAINED EARNINGS:		
Balance at beginning of period	\$ —	\$ —
Cumulative impact from adoption of FASB Interpretation No. 48		(1,709)
Repurchases of common stock—excess over par value	(135,593)	(166,224)
Cash dividends (\$.33 per share and \$.30 per share)	(52,006)	(49,463)
Net income	211,173	217,396
Balance at end of period	\$ 23,574	<u>\$</u>

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

### CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED) (in thousands)

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:         7 11,117         \$ 1,117           Net income         1,211,17         \$ 1,117         \$ 1,117           Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:         1,877         1,840           Application expense         1,887         1,840         1,840           Depreciation expense         1,860         30,435         1,830         3,735           Stock-based compensation expense—restricted stock and stock units         4,800         1,803         1,803           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         (9,603         1,203         1,803           Provision for doubtful accounts         10,108         1,605         1,803           Provision for doubtful accounts         1,918         1,605         1,803           Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions         1,918         1,875         1,875           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payorlic assistant increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payorlic assistant increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payorlic assistant increase in accounts payable accrued expenses, accrued payorlic assistant increase in accounts payable accrued expenses, accrued payorlic assistant increase in accounts payable accrued expenses, accrued payorlic assistant increase in accounts payable accrued expenses, accrued payorlic assistant payorlic assistant payorlic assistant payo		Nine Mon Septem	ths Ended aber 30,
Net income         \$ 211,173         \$ 217,306           Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:         1.877         1.840           Depreciation expense.         53,885         51,865           Stock-based compensation expense—restricted stock and stock units         48,656         39,547           Stock-based compensation expense—stock options         3,803         7,385           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         (16,005)         10,5005           Provision for deferred income taxes         (9,603)         (2,230)           Provision for doubtful accounts         12,509         7,403           Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts receivable.         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts requisited.         (11,301)         33,111           Obligations         (21,509)         (57,403)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         (21,509)         (57,403)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         (21,509)         (57,403)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         (25,507)         (63,502)           Increase in incost payable and other intangible assets and other assets.         (55,48		2008	2007
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities         1.87         1.80           Amortization of intangible assets         53.885         51.085           Stock-based compensation expense—restricted stock and stock units         48.656         39.547           Stock-based compensation expense—stock options         3.63         3.7385           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         (44)         (15.095)           Provision for deferred income taxes         (96)         (2.230)           Provision for doubful accounts         (19.185)         (87.651)           Increase in accounts receivable         (19.185)         (87.651)           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement         43.729         59.255           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         43.729         59.255           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations and payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         43.729         59.255           Increase in face (decrease) in income taxes payable         (11.01)         37.311           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         (2.159)         (6.750)         (6.282)           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Amortization of intangible assets   1.870   1.840	Net income	\$ 211,173	\$ 217,396
Depreciation expense	Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:		
Stock-based compensation expense—estricted stock and stock units         48,656         39,347           Stock-based compensation expense—estock options         3,803         7,385           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         (44)         (15,095)           Provision for deferred income taxes         (9,663)         (2,230)           Provision for doubtful accounts         12,596         7,403           Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         43,729         59,255           Increase in decentes pin income taxes payable         (11,301)         37,311           Change in other assets, net of change in other liabilities         (2,19)         59,255           Increase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets         272         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (55,487)         (63,592)         10,483           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         93,552           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (62,822)         (63,953)           Repurchases of common stock         (16,825)         (36,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)	Amortization of intangible assets	1,877	1,840
Stock-based compensation expense—stock options         3,303         7,385           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         (44) (15,095)         (9,663)         (2,230)           Provision for deferred income taxes         (9,663)         (2,230)         7,403           Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:         10,185         (87,651)           Increase in accounts receivable         (10,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         43,729         59,255           Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable         (11,001)         37,311           Change in other assets, net of change in other liabilities         (2,159)         (5,740)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         333,367         310,506           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         2(27)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (55,487)         (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (70,63)         (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         (93,552)           CASH ELOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (62,20)         (62,20)         (62,20)           Repurchases of common stock         (16,882) <td></td> <td>53,885</td> <td></td>		53,885	
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         (44) (15,095)           Provision for deferred income taxes         (9,663) (2,230)           Provision for doubtful accounts         12,596         7,403           Changes in assets and liabilities, ent of effects of acquisitions:         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts receivable         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         43,729         59,255           Increase in decounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         (21,09)         37,311           Increase in decounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         (21,09)         57,540           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         333,367         310,506           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         27         [19,477]           Capital expenditures         (55,487)         (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (70,63)         (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (168,825)         (36,7953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (168,825)         (345) <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>			
Provision for deferred income taxes         (9,663)         (2,230)           Provision for doubtful accounts         (19,185)         (7,403)           Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts receivable         (10,183)         (87,651)           Increase (accrease) in income taxes payable.         (11,301)         37,311           Change in other assets, net of change in other liabilities         (2,159)         (5,740)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         333,367         310,506           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         Variable of Capital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)         (2 apital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)         (2 apital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)         (2 apital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)         (2 apital expenditures         (272)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (272)         (19,473)         (3 (25,200)         (3 (35)         (2			
Provision for doubtful accounts         12,596         7,403           Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:	ı	. ,	
Changes in assets and liabilities, net of effects of acquisitions:         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts receivable         (19,185)         (87,651)           Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations         43,729         59,255           Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable         (11,301)         37,311           Change in other assets, net of change in other liabilities         (2,159)         (5,740)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         333,367         310,506           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         (272)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (55,487)         (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (7,063)         (10,483)           Net eash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (62,822)         (93,552)           Repurchases of common stock         (16,8825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (50,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (345)           Cash dividends paid         (50,006)         (49,463)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation			
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations		12,596	7,403
Increase in accounts payable, accrued expenses, accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations of payable (11,301) 37,311 (13,011) (13			
obligations         43,729         59,255           Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable         (11,301)         37,311           Change in other assets, net of change in other liabilities         (2,159)         (5,740)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         333,367         310,506           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         2(72)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (55,487)         (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (7,063)         (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         03,552           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (311)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (12,819)         18,259           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         310,000         447,479		(19,185)	(87,651)
Increase (decrease) in income taxes payable		12.720	50.255
Change in other assets, net of change in other liabilities         (2,159)         (5,740)           Net cash flows provided by operating activities         333,367         310,506           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         (272)         (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (55,487)         (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (7,063)         (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         354,035           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         310,000         447,479           Cash paid during the period for:         36,692			
Net cash flows provided by operating activities         333,367         310,506           CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         (272)         (19,477)           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets         (55,487)         (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (7,063)         (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         354,035           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         310,000         447,479           Cash paid during the period for:         \$37,502         \$328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INF			
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:         Cary 10,477, 10,	Change in other assets, net or change in other nabilities	(2,139)	(5,740)
Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets         (272) (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (55,487) (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (7,063) (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822) (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         The part of the par	Net cash flows provided by operating activities	333,367	310,506
Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets         (272) (19,477)           Capital expenditures         (55,487) (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (7,063) (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822) (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         The part of the par	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Capital expenditures         (55,487)         (63,592)           Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         (7,063)         (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (168,825)         (367,953)           Repurchases of common stock         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$328,657           SUPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         S         364         \$382           Increest         \$364         \$382         16,870         364         \$382           Increase of goodwill an		(272)	(19.477)
Increase in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans         7,063         (10,483)           Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,289)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$38,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         2         5         4         99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         2         16,870         90,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         2			
Net cash flows used in investing activities         (62,822)         (93,552)           CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         \$36         \$382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$156,441         \$99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         \$272         \$16,870           Assets acquired         \$272         \$16,870           Other assets         \$272         \$3,002			
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES:         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         2         \$382           Cash paid during the period for:         \$364         \$382           Interest         \$364         \$382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$156,441         \$99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         -         3,002           Liabilities incurred         -         3,002           Other liabilities			
Repurchases of common stock         (168,825)         (367,953)           Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$328.657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         S         382           Interest         \$364         \$382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$156,441         \$99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         \$272         \$16,870           Other assets         \$272         \$16,870           Other assets         \$272         \$16,870           Other liabilities incurred         \$272 </td <td>-</td> <td></td> <td></td>	-		
Cash dividends paid         (52,006)         (49,463)           Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         310,000         447,479           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         S         382           Interest         \$ 364         \$ 382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$ 156,441         \$ 99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         \$ 272         \$ 16,870           Other assets         \$ -         3,002           Liabilities incurred         \$ 272         \$ 16,870           Other liabilities         \$ -         3,002           Cash paid, net of cash acquired         \$ 272		(160 025)	(267.052)
Decrease in notes payable and other indebtedness         (345)         (331)           Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         \$364         \$382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$156,441         \$99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         \$272         \$16,870           Other assets         \$272         \$16,870           Other assets         \$272         \$16,870           Other liabilities         \$272         \$16,870           Cash paid, net of cash acquired         \$272         \$19,477           Non-cash items:         \$272         \$19,477	1		
Excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation         44         15,095           Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         Tender of the standard of the standard of the period for:         316,457         \$364         \$382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$156,441         \$99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         3002         \$16,870           Assets acquired         \$272         \$16,870           Other assets         \$272         \$3002           Liabilities incurred         \$272         \$16,870           Other liabilities         \$272         \$16,870           Cash paid, net of cash acquired         \$272         \$19,477           Non-cash items:         \$272         \$19,477			
Proceeds from exercises of stock options         27,098         48,617           Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$373,692         \$328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:           Cash paid during the period for:         \$364         \$382           Interest         \$364         \$97,88           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         \$156,441         \$99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         \$272         \$16,870           Other assets         \$272         \$16,870           Other liabilities incurred         \$272         \$3002           Cash paid, net of cash acquired         \$272         \$19,477           Non-cash items:         \$272         \$19,477			
Net cash flows used in financing activities         (194,034)         (354,035)           Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$ 373,692         \$ 328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         The company of the period for:         \$ 364         \$ 382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$ 156,441         \$ 99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         Assets acquired         \$ 272         \$ 16,870           Other assets         —         3,002           Liabilities incurred         Other liabilities         —         (395)           Cash paid, net of cash acquired         \$ 272         \$ 19,477           Non-cash items:         * 272         \$ 19,477			
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents         (12,819)         18,259           Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents         63,692         (118,822)           Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period         310,000         447,479           Cash and cash equivalents at end of period         \$ 373,692         \$ 328,657           SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         \$ 364         \$ 382           Interest         \$ 364         \$ 382           Income taxes, net of refunds         \$ 156,441         \$ 99,788           Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:         \$ 272         \$ 16,870           Other assets         — 3,002           Liabilities incurred         \$ 272         \$ 16,870           Other liabilities         — (395)           Cash paid, net of cash acquired         \$ 272         \$ 19,477           Non-cash items:         * 272         \$ 19,477			
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents       63,692       (118,822)         Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       310,000       447,479         Cash and cash equivalents at end of period       \$ 373,692       \$ 328,657         SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:       Cash paid during the period for:         Interest       \$ 364       \$ 382         Income taxes, net of refunds       \$ 156,441       \$ 99,788         Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:       \$ 272       \$ 16,870         Other assets       \$ 272       \$ 16,870         Other assets       \$ 3,002         Liabilities incurred       \$ 302         Other liabilities       \$ 272       \$ 19,477         Non-cash items:			
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period       310,000       447,479         Cash and cash equivalents at end of period       \$ 373,692       \$ 328,657         SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:         Cash paid during the period for:         Interest       \$ 364       \$ 382         Income taxes, net of refunds       \$ 156,441       \$ 99,788         Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:       Assets acquired       \$ 272       \$ 16,870         Other assets       —       3,002         Liabilities incurred       —       3,002         Cash paid, net of cash acquired       \$ 272       \$ 19,477         Non-cash items:       —       3       19,477	Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	(12,819)	18,259
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period \$373,692 \$328,657  SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:  Cash paid during the period for:  Interest \$364 \$382 Income taxes, net of refunds \$156,441 \$99,788  Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:  Assets acquired  Goodwill and other intangible assets \$272 \$16,870 Other assets \$-3,002  Liabilities incurred Other liabilities \$-3,002  Cash paid, net of cash acquired \$272 \$19,477  Non-cash items:	Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	63,692	(118,822)
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:  Cash paid during the period for:  Interest \$364 \$382  Income taxes, net of refunds \$156,441 \$99,788  Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:  Assets acquired  Goodwill and other intangible assets \$272 \$16,870  Other assets \$- 3,002  Liabilities incurred  Other liabilities \$- (395)  Cash paid, net of cash acquired \$272 \$19,477  Non-cash items:	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	310,000	447,479
Cash paid during the period for:  Interest \$364 \$382  Income taxes, net of refunds \$156,441 \$99,788  Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:  Assets acquired  Goodwill and other intangible assets \$272 \$16,870  Other assets \$- 3,002  Liabilities incurred  Other liabilities \$- (395)  Cash paid, net of cash acquired \$\frac{19,477}{2}\$  Non-cash items:	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	\$ 373,692	\$ 328,657
Cash paid during the period for:  Interest \$364 \$382  Income taxes, net of refunds \$156,441 \$99,788  Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:  Assets acquired  Goodwill and other intangible assets \$272 \$16,870  Other assets \$- 3,002  Liabilities incurred  Other liabilities \$- (395)  Cash paid, net of cash acquired \$\frac{19,477}{2}\$  Non-cash items:	SLIPPI EMENTAL DISCLOSLIRES OF CASH FLOW INFORMATION:		
Interest       \$ 364       \$ 382         Income taxes, net of refunds       \$ 156,441       \$ 99,788         Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:       Assets acquired         Goodwill and other intangible assets       \$ 272       \$ 16,870         Other assets       — 3,002         Liabilities incurred       — (395)         Other liabilities       — (395)         Cash paid, net of cash acquired       \$ 272       \$ 19,477         Non-cash items:			
Income taxes, net of refunds \$99,788  Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:  Assets acquired  Goodwill and other intangible assets \$272 \$16,870 Other assets \$- 3,002 Liabilities incurred Other liabilities \$- (395) Cash paid, net of cash acquired \$\frac{19,477}{2}\$  Non-cash items:		\$ 364	\$ 382
Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets and other assets:  Assets acquired Goodwill and other intangible assets  State of goodwill and other intangible assets Goodwill and other intangible assets  State of goodwill and other intangible assets  State o			
Assets acquired       \$ 272       \$ 16,870         Other assets       — 3,002         Liabilities incurred       — (395)         Other liabilities       — (395)         Cash paid, net of cash acquired       \$ 272       \$ 19,477         Non-cash items:		Ψ 150,441	Ψ 22,700
Goodwill and other intangible assets       \$ 272       \$ 16,870         Other assets       —       3,002         Liabilities incurred       —       (395)         Other liabilities       —       (395)         Cash paid, net of cash acquired       \$ 272       \$ 19,477         Non-cash items:       —       19,477			
Other assets       —       3,002         Liabilities incurred       —       (395)         Other liabilities       —       (395)         Cash paid, net of cash acquired       \$ 272       \$ 19,477         Non-cash items:       —       10,477	1	\$ 272	\$ 16.870
Liabilities incurred Other liabilities  Cash paid, net of cash acquired  Non-cash items:  Other liabilities  - (395) \$ 19,477			
Other liabilities       — (395)         Cash paid, net of cash acquired       \$ 272       \$ 19,477         Non-cash items:       — (395)			- ,
Cash paid, net of cash acquired		_	(395)
Non-cash items:		\$ 272	
	Cash paid, het of Cash acquired	φ <u>212</u>	φ 19,4// =====
	Non-cash items:		
	Stock repurchases awaiting settlement	\$ 1,026	\$ 2,067

The accompanying Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements are an integral part of these financial statements.

#### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

**September 30, 2008** 

#### Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Nature of Operations. Robert Half International Inc. (the "Company") provides specialized staffing and risk consulting services through such divisions as Accountemps®, Robert Half® Finance & Accounting, OfficeTeam®, Robert Half® Technology, Robert Half® Management Resources, Robert Half® Legal, The Creative Group®, and Protiviti®. The Company, through its Accountemps, Robert Half Finance & Accounting, and Robert Half Management Resources divisions, is a specialized provider of temporary, full-time, and project professionals in the fields of accounting and finance. OfficeTeam specializes in highly skilled temporary administrative support personnel. Robert Half Technology provides information technology professionals. Robert Half Legal provides temporary, project, and full-time staffing of attorneys and specialized support personnel within law firms and corporate legal departments. The Creative Group provides project staffing in the advertising, marketing, and web design fields. Protiviti provides business and technology risk consulting and internal audit services, and is a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company. Revenues are predominantly derived from specialized staffing services. The Company operates in North America, South America, Europe, Asia and Australia. The Company is a Delaware corporation.

Basis of Presentation. The unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements ("Financial Statements") of the Company are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("GAAP") and the rules of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). The comparative year-end condensed consolidated statement of financial position data presented was derived from audited financial statements. In the opinion of management, all adjustments (consisting of only normal recurring adjustments) necessary for a fair statement of the financial position and results of operations for the periods presented have been included. These Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the audited Consolidated Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended December 31, 2007, included in its annual report on Form 10-K. The results of operations for any interim period are not necessarily indicative of, nor comparable to, the results of operations for a full year.

*Principles of Consolidation*. The Financial Statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. All intercompany balances have been eliminated.

Use of Estimates. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. As of September 30, 2008, such estimates included allowances for uncollectible accounts receivable, workers' compensation losses and income and other taxes.

Revenue Recognition. The Company derives its revenues from three segments: temporary and consultant staffing, permanent placement staffing, and risk consulting and internal audit services. Net service revenues as presented on the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations represent services rendered to customers less sales adjustments and allowances. Reimbursements, including those related to travel and out-of-pocket expenses, are also included in net service revenues, and equivalent amounts of reimbursable expenses are included in direct costs of services. The Company records revenue on a gross basis as a principal versus on a net basis as an agent in the presentation of revenues and expenses. The Company has concluded that gross reporting is appropriate because the Company (i) has the risk of identifying and hiring qualified employees, (ii) has the discretion to select the employees and establish their price and duties and (iii) bears the risk for services that are not fully paid for by customers.

Temporary and consultant staffing revenues—Temporary and consultant staffing revenues are recognized when the services are rendered by the Company's temporary employees. Employees placed on temporary

### NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued)

#### **September 30, 2008**

#### **Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

assignment by the Company are the Company's legal employees while they are working on assignments. The Company pays all related costs of employment, including workers' compensation insurance, state and federal unemployment taxes, social security and certain fringe benefits. The Company assumes the risk of acceptability of its employees to its customers.

Permanent placement staffing revenues—Permanent placement staffing revenues are recognized when employment candidates accept offers of permanent employment. The Company has a substantial history of estimating the effect of permanent placement candidates who do not remain with its clients through the 90-day guarantee period. Allowances are established to estimate these losses. Fees to clients are generally calculated as a percentage of the new employee's annual compensation. No fees for permanent placement services are charged to employment candidates.

Risk consulting and internal audit revenues—Risk consulting and internal audit services are generally provided on a time-and-material basis or fixed-fee basis. Revenues earned under time-and-material arrangements are recognized as services are provided. Revenues on fixed-fee arrangements are recognized using a proportional performance method as hours are incurred relative to total estimated hours for the engagement. The Company periodically evaluates the need to provide for any losses on these projects, and losses are recognized when it is probable that a loss will be incurred.

Costs of Services. Direct costs of temporary and consultant staffing services consist of payroll, payroll taxes and insurance costs for the Company's temporary employees, as well as reimbursable expenses. Direct costs of permanent placement staffing services consist of reimbursable expenses. Risk consulting and internal audit costs of services include professional staff payroll, payroll taxes and insurance costs, as well as reimbursable expenses.

*Advertising Costs.* The Company expenses all advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expense totaled \$39.0 million and \$43.9 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Comprehensive Income. Comprehensive income includes net income and certain other items that are recorded directly to Stockholders' Equity. The Company's only source of other comprehensive income is foreign currency translation adjustments. The components of comprehensive income, net of tax, are as follows (in thousands):

	Three Mon Septeml		Nine Mont Septem	
	2008	2007	2008	2007
Net income	\$ 65,821	\$73,963	\$211,173	\$217,396
Translation adjustments, net of tax	(25,888)	13,693	(18,130)	27,501
Total comprehensive income	\$ 39,933	\$87,656	\$193,043	\$244,897

Cash and Cash Equivalents. The Company considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity at the date of purchase of three months or less as cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable Allowances. The Company maintains allowances for estimated losses resulting from (i) the inability of its customers to make required payments, (ii) temporary placement sales adjustments, and (iii) permanent placement candidates not remaining with the client through the 90-day guarantee period, commonly referred to as "fall offs". The Company establishes these allowances based on its review of customers' credit profiles, historical loss statistics and current trends.

### $NOTES\ TO\ CONDENSED\ CONSOLIDATED\ FINANCIAL\ STATEMENTS\ (UNAUDITED) — (Continued)$

**September 30, 2008** 

#### **Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

Goodwill and Intangible Assets. Goodwill and intangible assets primarily consist of the cost of acquired companies in excess of the fair market value of their net tangible assets at the date of acquisition. Identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their lives, typically ranging from two to five years. Goodwill is not amortized, but is tested at least annually for impairment. The Company completed its annual goodwill impairment analysis during the three months ended June 30, 2008, and determined that no adjustment to the carrying value of goodwill was required.

Income Tax Assets and Liabilities. In establishing its deferred income tax assets and liabilities, the Company makes judgments and interpretations based on the enacted tax laws and published tax guidance that are applicable to its operations. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured and recorded using current enacted tax rates, which the Company expects will apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are recovered or settled. The likelihood of a material change in the Company's expected realization of these assets is dependent on future taxable income, its ability to use foreign tax credit carryforwards and carrybacks, final U.S. and foreign tax settlements, and the effectiveness of its tax planning in the various relevant jurisdictions.

Workers' Compensation. Except for states which require participation in state-operated insurance funds, the Company retains the economic burden for the first \$0.5 million per occurrence in workers' compensation claims. Workers' compensation includes ongoing healthcare and indemnity coverage for claims and may be paid over numerous years following the date of injury. Claims in excess of \$0.5 million are insured. Workers' compensation expense includes the insurance premiums for claims in excess of \$0.5 million, claims administration fees charged by the Company's workers' compensation administrator, premiums paid to state-operated insurance funds, and an estimate for the Company's liability for Incurred But Not Reported ("IBNR") claims and for the ongoing development of existing claims.

The accrual for IBNR claims and for the ongoing development of existing claims in each reporting period includes estimates. The Company has established reserves for workers' compensation claims using loss development rates which are estimated using periodic third-party actuarial valuations based upon historical loss statistics which include the Company's historical frequency and severity of workers' compensation claims, and an estimate of future cost trends. While management believes that its assumptions and estimates are appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions may materially affect the Company's future results.

Foreign Currency Translation. The results of operations of the Company's foreign subsidiaries are translated at the monthly average exchange rates prevailing during the period. The financial position of the Company's foreign subsidiaries is translated at the current exchange rates at the end of the period, and the related translation adjustments are recorded as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income within Stockholders' Equity. Gains and losses resulting from foreign currency transactions are included as a component of selling, general and administrative expenses in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations, and have not been material for all periods presented.

Stock-based Compensation. Under various stock plans, officers, employees and outside directors have received or may receive grants of restricted stock, stock units, stock appreciation rights or options to purchase common stock.

Compensation expense for restricted stock and stock units is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the stock's fair market value on the grant date. The Company recognizes

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### **Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)**

compensation expense for only the portion of restricted stock and stock units that is expected to vest, rather than record forfeitures when they occur. If the actual number of forfeitures differs from those estimated by management, additional adjustments to compensation expense may be required in future periods. For purposes of calculating stock-based compensation expense for retirement-eligible employees, the service period is assumed to be met on the grant date or retirement-eligible date, whichever is later.

No stock appreciation rights have been granted under the Company's existing stock plans.

The Company determines the fair value of options to purchase common stock using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The Company recognizes expense over the service period for options that are expected to vest and records adjustments to compensation expense at the end of the service period if actual forfeitures differ from original estimates. The Company has not granted any options to purchase common stock since 2006.

*Property and Equipment.* Property and equipment are recorded at cost. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Computer hardware	2 to 3 years
Computer software	2 to 5 years
Furniture and equipment	5 years
Leasehold improvements	Term of lease, 5 years maximum

*Internal-use Software.* The Company capitalizes direct costs incurred in the development of internal-use software. Amounts capitalized are reported as a component of computer software within property and equipment. The Company capitalized \$10.4 million and \$9.5 million of internal-use software development costs for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

#### **Note B—New Accounting Pronouncements**

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* ("SFAS 141(R)"). SFAS 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, and the goodwill acquired. SFAS 141(R) also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 141(R) to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements—an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51* ("SFAS 160"). SFAS 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest, changes in a parent's ownership interest, and the valuation of retained, noncontrolling equity investments when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. SFAS 160 also establishes disclosure requirements that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 160 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### **Note B—New Accounting Pronouncements (Continued)**

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes guidelines for measuring fair value and expands disclosures regarding fair value measurements. Subsequently in February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, which delays the effective date of SFAS 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities, except for items that are recognized and disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis, until fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The implementation of SFAS 157 for financial assets and liabilities, effective January 1, 2008, did not impact the Company's consolidated Financial Statements. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures About Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133* ("SFAS 161"). SFAS 161 expands quarterly disclosure requirements included in SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* ("SFAS 133"), about an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 161 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* ("SFAS 162"). SFAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements. SFAS 162 is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, *The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 162 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In June 2008, the FASB issued Staff Position No. EITF 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities* ("FSP EITF 03-6-1"). FSP EITF 03-6-1 provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends are participating securities and should be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. FSP EITF 03-6-1 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of FSP EITF 03-6-1 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

#### Note C—Deferred Income Taxes and Other Current Assets

Deferred income taxes and other current assets consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Deferred income taxes	\$ 57,766	\$ 55,522
Deposits in trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans	58,242	51,179
Other	55,849	49,768
	\$171,857	<u>\$156,469</u>

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### Note D—Goodwill and Other Intangible Assets, Net

The following table sets forth the activity in goodwill and other intangible assets from December 31, 2007 through September 30, 2008 (in thousands):

	Goodwill	Other Intangible Assets	Total
Balance as of December 31, 2007	\$191,068	\$ 4,075	\$195,143
Purchase of goodwill and other intangible assets	_	272	272
Translation adjustments	(1,395)	_	(1,395)
Amortization of intangible assets		(1,877)	(1,877)
Balance as of September 30, 2008	\$189,673	\$ 2,470	\$192,143

The estimated remaining amortization expense is \$0.6 million for 2008, \$1.5 million for 2009 and \$0.4 million for 2010.

#### Note E-Property and Equipment, Net

Property and equipment consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Computer hardware	\$ 158,762	\$ 151,924
Computer software	261,146	243,216
Furniture and equipment	131,514	129,103
Leasehold improvements	122,515	113,654
Other	16,258	16,089
Property and equipment, cost	690,195	653,986
Accumulated depreciation	(541,410)	(501,675)
Property and equipment, net	\$ 148,785	\$ 152,311

#### Note F—Accrued Payroll Costs and Retirement Obligations

Accrued payroll costs and retirement obligations consisted of the following (in thousands):

	September 30, 2008	December 31, 2007
Payroll and benefits	\$211,028	\$195,383
Employee retirement obligations	67,746	64,049
Workers' compensation		28,996
Payroll taxes	31,033	34,836
	\$345,814	\$323,264

Included in employee retirement obligations is \$60 million at September 30, 2008, and \$57 million at December 31, 2007, related to the Company's Chief Executive Officer for a deferred compensation plan and other benefits.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### **Note G—Commitments and Contingencies**

On September 10, 2004, Plaintiff Mark Laffitte, on behalf of himself and a putative class of salaried Account Executives and Staffing Managers, filed a complaint in California Superior Court naming the Company and three of its wholly owned subsidiaries as Defendants. The complaint alleges that salaried Account Executives and Staffing Managers based in California have been misclassified under California law as exempt employees and seeks an unspecified amount for unpaid overtime pay alleged to be due to them had they been paid as non-exempt hourly employees. In addition, the Plaintiff seeks an unspecified amount for statutory penalties for alleged violations of the California Labor Code arising from the alleged misclassification of these employees as exempt employees. On September 18, 2006, the Court issued an order certifying a class with respect to claims for alleged unpaid overtime pay but denied certification with respect to claims relating to meal periods and rest time breaks. On August 15, 2008, the Court stayed the litigation pending the California Supreme Court's ruling in another case unrelated to the Company entitled *Harris v. Superior Court*. The ruling in such case may have a material adverse bearing on the Company's position in this litigation. At this stage of the litigation, it is not feasible to predict the outcome of or a range of loss, should a loss occur, from this proceeding, and accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to the allegations, and the Company intends to continue to vigorously defend against the litigation.

On August 9, 2005, Plaintiff Lizette Greene, on behalf of herself and a putative class of salaried "inside sales persons," filed a complaint in United States District Court for the Northern District of California naming the Company and three of its wholly owned subsidiaries as Defendants. On December 1, 2005, the Plaintiff amended the Complaint. The Amended Complaint alleges that purported "inside sales persons" based in California have been misclassified under federal law as exempt employees and seeks an unspecified amount for unpaid overtime pay alleged to be due to them had they been paid as non-exempt, hourly employees. In addition, the Plaintiff also makes two claims under the California Private Attorney Generals Act seeking an unspecified amount for statutory penalties for alleged violations of the California Labor Code arising from the alleged misclassification of these employees as exempt employees. Plaintiff also makes a claim under California Business and Professions Code § 17200 for a putative nation-wide class of purported "inside sales persons." On December 22, 2006, the Plaintiff filed a motion for conditional certification of their federal claims in which they seek to represent a class of salaried employees who worked for the Company and certain of its subsidiaries in California within three years before the complaint was filed and seeking permission to mail class members a notice regarding their right to opt into the case as plaintiffs. On June 7, 2007, the Court stayed this litigation pending resolution of the Laffitte action described in the first paragraph of this Note G. At this stage of the litigation, it is not feasible to predict the outcome of or a range of loss, should a loss occur, from this proceeding, and accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to the allegations, and the Company intends to continue to vigorously defend against the litigation.

On May 4, 2006, Plaintiff Don Tran, on behalf of himself and a putative class of salaried Consultants and Senior Consultants, and a sub-class of terminated salaried Consultants and Senior Consultants, filed a complaint in California Superior Court naming Protiviti Inc., a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company ("Protiviti"), as Defendant. The complaint alleges that salaried consultants based in California have been misclassified under California law as exempt employees and seeks an unspecified amount for unpaid overtime pay alleged to be due to them had they been paid as non-exempt, hourly employees. Plaintiff also seeks an unspecified amount for statutory penalties for alleged violations of the California Labor Code arising from the alleged misclassification of these employees as exempt employees. The complaint further seeks damages and penalties for the failure to provide meal and rest periods, and for the failure to reimburse business expenses, including, without limitation, parking and cellular telephone expenses. On February 28, 2008, the Court allowed Plaintiff to amend the

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### **Note G—Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)**

complaint to name as class representatives two additional former Protiviti Consultants, who had worked for Protiviti's "Internal Audit" business line. Plaintiff Tran had worked for Protiviti's "Technology Risk" business line. On April 3, 2008, Plaintiffs agreed in open court to dismiss their claim for failure to reimburse business expenses. On May 12, 2008, Plaintiffs filed a motion to certify the class and Protiviti filed a motion to strike the class allegations. Hearings on these motions are currently scheduled for November 7, 2008. A ruling in the unrelated *Harris* case referenced in the first paragraph of this Note G may have a material adverse bearing on the Company's position in this litigation. At this stage of the litigation, it is not feasible to predict the outcome of or a range of loss, should a loss occur, from this proceeding, and accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements. Protiviti believes it has meritorious defenses to the allegations, and Protiviti intends to continue to vigorously defend against the litigation.

On September 24, 2007, Plaintiff Van Williamson, on behalf of himself and a putative class of salaried Account Executives and Staffing Managers, filed a complaint in California Superior Court naming the Company and three of its wholly owned subsidiaries as Defendants. The complaint alleges that salaried Account Executives and Staffing Managers based in California were not provided meal periods, paid rest periods, and accurate itemized wage statements. It seeks one hour of wages for each employee for each meal and rest period missed during the statutory liability period. It also seeks an unspecified amount for statutory penalties for alleged violations of the California Labor Code arising from the alleged failure to provide the meal and rest periods and accurate itemized wage statements. The allegations in the complaint are substantially similar to the allegations included in the complaint filed by Mark Laffitte against the Company and three of its wholly owned subsidiaries on September 10, 2004, and described above. A ruling in the unrelated *Harris* case referenced in the first paragraph of this Note G may have a material adverse bearing on the Company's position in this litigation. At this stage of the litigation, it is not feasible to predict the outcome of or a range of loss, should a loss occur, from this proceeding, and accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to the allegations, and the Company intends to continue to vigorously defend against the litigation.

On September 16, 2008, Plaintiff Donald R. Green, on behalf of himself and a putative class of all temporary staffing employees in California, filed a complaint in California Superior Court naming the Company and one of its wholly owned subsidiaries as Defendants. The complaint alleges that temporary employees in California were improperly denied expense reimbursement and wages for time purportedly spent preparing for interviews, and traveling to and attending interviews with, alleged clients of Defendants. Plaintiff seeks penalties and equitable and legal remedies under Section 17200 of the California Business and Professions Code and Sections 1194 and 2802 of the California Labor Code. At this stage of the litigation, it is not feasible to predict the outcome of or a range of loss, should a loss occur from this proceeding, and accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to the allegations, and the Company intends to vigorously defend against the litigation.

The Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008 and the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, contained disclosure regarding a complaint filed against the Company and one of its wholly owned subsidiaries on December 6, 2004, by Plaintiffs Ian O'Donnell and David Jolicoeur, on behalf of themselves and a putative class of salaried Staffing Managers, Account Executives and Account Managers. As the Company disclosed in its previous filings, the Court has previously denied conditional certification of Plaintiffs' federal claims as a collective action and Plaintiffs' state law claims as a class action. On October 21, 2008, the Court denied Plaintiffs' motion to conduct discovery on class claims and directed that discovery be

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### **Note G—Commitments and Contingencies (Continued)**

limited to the individual claims of the named plaintiffs. The case remains limited to three individuals. Subject to an interlocutory appeal or post judgment appeal being granted or the Court's October 21, 2008 order being overturned or modified, the Company believes that the litigation is not currently a material pending legal proceeding. Accordingly, the Company does not presently intend to make disclosures regarding this case in its future Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

The Company is involved in a number of other lawsuits arising in the ordinary course of business. While management does not expect any of these other matters to have a material adverse effect on the Company's results of operations, financial position or cash flows, litigation is subject to certain inherent uncertainties.

Legal costs associated with the resolution of claims, lawsuits and other contingencies are expensed as incurred.

#### Note H—Stockholders' Equity

Stock Repurchase Program. As of September 30, 2008, the Company is authorized to repurchase, from time to time, up to 13.8 million additional shares of the Company's common stock on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, depending on market conditions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company repurchased 5.4 million shares and 9.2 million shares of common stock on the open market for a total cost of \$131 million and \$315 million, respectively. Additional stock repurchases were made in connection with employee stock plans, whereby Company shares were tendered by employees for the payment of exercise price and applicable statutory withholding taxes. During both the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, such repurchases totaled 1.5 million shares, at a cost of \$38 million and \$55 million, respectively. Repurchases of securities have been funded with cash generated from operations.

Repurchases of shares are applied first to the extent of retained earnings and any remaining amounts are applied to capital surplus. As a result, the Company had no retained earnings as of December 31, 2007.

The repurchased shares are held in treasury and are presented as if constructively retired. Treasury stock is accounted for using the cost method. Treasury stock activity for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007 (consisting of stock option exercises and the purchase of shares for the treasury) is presented in the unaudited Condensed Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity.

#### **Note I—Stock Plans**

Under various stock plans, officers, employees and outside directors have received or may receive grants of restricted stock, stock units, stock appreciation rights or options to purchase common stock. Grants have been made at the discretion of the Committees of the Board of Directors. Grants generally vest over four years. Shares offered under the plan are authorized but unissued shares or treasury shares.

Recipients of restricted stock do not pay any cash consideration to the Company for the shares, have the right to vote all shares subject to such grant, and receive all dividends with respect to such shares, whether or not the shares have vested. Recipients of stock units do not pay any cash consideration for the units, do not have the right to vote and do not receive dividends with respect to such units.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### **Note I—Stock Plans (Continued)**

Options currently outstanding under the plans have an exercise price equal to the fair market value of the Company's common stock at the date of grant and consist of non-statutory stock options under the Internal Revenue Code, and generally have a term of 10 years.

#### Note J—Net Income Per Share

The calculation of net income per share for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, is reflected in the following table (in thousands, except per share amounts):

		nths Ended nber 30,		ths Ended aber 30,
	2008 2007		2008	2007
Net income	\$ 65,821	\$ 73,963	\$211,173	\$217,396
Weighted average shares	150,839	158,480	152,754	161,014
Diluted:				
Weighted average shares	150,839	158,480	152,754	161,014
Potentially dilutive shares	1,947	3,423	1,807	4,152
Diluted shares	152,786	161,903	154,561	165,166
Net Income Per Share:				
Basic	\$ .44	\$ .47	\$ 1.38	\$ 1.35
Diluted	\$ .43	\$ .46	\$ 1.37	\$ 1.32

The weighted average diluted common shares outstanding for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, excludes the effect of 3.5 million and 0.3 million anti-dilutive options, restricted stock and stock units, respectively. The weighted average diluted common shares outstanding for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, excludes the effect of 3.1 million and 0.3 million anti-dilutive options, restricted stock and stock units, respectively. Employee stock options will have a dilutive effect under the treasury method only when the respective period's average market value of the Company's common stock exceeds the exercise proceeds. Under the treasury method, exercise proceeds include the amount the employee must pay for exercising stock options, the amount of compensation cost for future service that the Company has not yet recognized, and the amount of tax benefits that would be recorded in capital surplus, if the options were exercised and the restricted stock and stock units had vested. The computation of potentially dilutive shares also included unvested restricted stock and stock units.

# NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)—(Continued) September 30, 2008

#### **Note K—Business Segments**

The Company, which aggregates its operating segments based on the nature of services, has three reportable segments: temporary and consultant staffing, permanent placement staffing, and risk consulting and internal audit services. The temporary and consultant segment provides specialized staffing in the accounting and finance, administrative and office, information technology, legal, advertising, marketing and web design fields. The permanent placement segment provides full-time personnel in the accounting, finance, administrative and office, and information technology fields. The risk consulting segment provides business and technology risk consulting and internal audit services.

The accounting policies of the segments are set forth in Note A—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies. The Company evaluates performance based on income or loss from operations before interest income, intangible amortization expense, and income taxes.

The following table provides a reconciliation of revenue and operating income by reportable segment to consolidated results (in thousands):

	Three Months Ended September 30,			Nine Mont Septeml				
		2008	_	2007		2008	_	2007
Net service revenues								
Temporary and consultant staffing	\$	912,168	\$	925,693	\$2	2,836,108	\$2	2,697,891
Permanent placement staffing		108,457		112,791		351,921		326,500
Risk consulting and internal audit services		139,461		140,561		422,688		401,207
	\$1	,160,086	\$1	,179,045	\$3	3,610,717	\$3	3,425,598
Operating income								
Temporary and consultant staffing	\$	90,148	\$	95,511	\$	285,542	\$	273,968
Permanent placement staffing		15,317		20,262		57,893		64,202
Risk consulting and internal audit services		3,988	_	3,989		5,806		11,991
		109,453		119,762		349,241		350,161
Amortization of intangible assets		618		748		1,877		1,840
Interest income, net		(1,318)	_	(3,125)	_	(4,838)	_	(10,215)
Income before income taxes	\$	110,153	\$	122,139	\$	352,202	\$	358,536

#### **Note L—Subsequent Events**

On October 29, 2008, the Company announced a quarterly dividend of \$.11 per share to be paid to all shareholders of record on November 25, 2008. The dividend will be paid on December 15, 2008.

#### ITEM 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Certain information contained in Management's Discussion and Analysis and in other parts of this report may be deemed forward-looking statements regarding events and financial trends that may affect the Company's future operating results or financial positions. These statements may be identified by words such as "estimate", "forecast", "project", "plan", "intend", "believe", "expect", "anticipate", or variations or negatives thereof or by similar or comparable words or phrases. Forward-looking statements are subject to risks and uncertainties that could cause actual results to differ materially from those expressed in the statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following: changes in levels of unemployment and other economic conditions in the United States or foreign countries where the Company does business, or in particular regions or industries; the impact of the current global financial crisis on our business and financial condition; reduction in the supply of candidates for temporary employment or the Company's ability to attract candidates; the entry of new competitors into the marketplace or expansion by existing competitors; the ability of the Company to maintain existing client relationships and attract new clients in the context of changing economic or competitive conditions; the impact of competitive pressures, including any change in the demand for the Company's services, on the Company's ability to maintain its margins; the possibility of the Company incurring liability for its activities, including the activities of its temporary employees, or for events impacting its temporary employees on clients' premises; the possibility that adverse publicity could impact the Company's ability to attract and retain clients and candidates; the success of the Company in attracting, training, and retaining qualified management personnel and other staff employees; whether governments will impose additional regulations or licensing requirements on personnel services businesses in particular or on employer/ employee relationships in general; whether there will be ongoing demand for Sarbanes-Oxley or other regulatory compliance services; and litigation relating to prior or current transactions or activities, including litigation that may be disclosed from time to time in the Company's SEC filings. Additionally, with respect to Protiviti, other risks and uncertainties include the fact that future success will depend on its ability to retain employees and attract clients; there can be no assurance that there will be ongoing demand for Sarbanes-Oxley or other regulatory compliance services; failure to produce projected revenues could adversely affect financial results; and there is the possibility of involvement in litigation relating to prior or current transactions or activities. Because long-term contracts are not a significant part of the Company's business, future results cannot be reliably predicted by considering past trends or extrapolating past results.

#### Critical Accounting Policies and Estimates

As described below, the Company's most critical accounting policies and estimates are those that involve subjective decisions or assessments.

Accounts Receivable Allowances. The Company maintains allowances for estimated losses resulting from (i) the inability of its customers to make required payments, (ii) temporary placement sales adjustments, and (iii) permanent placement candidates not remaining with the client through the 90-day guarantee period, commonly referred to as "fall offs". The Company establishes these allowances based on its review of customers' credit profiles, historical loss statistics and current trends. The adequacy of these allowances is reviewed each reporting period. Historically, the Company's actual losses and credits have been consistent with these allowances. As a percentage of gross accounts receivable, the Company's accounts receivable allowances totaled 5.2% and 4.6% as of September 30, 2008, and December 31, 2007, respectively. As of September 30, 2008, a five-percentage point deviation in the Company's accounts receivable allowances balance would have resulted in an increase or decrease in the allowance of \$1.6 million. Although future results cannot always be predicted by extrapolating past results, management believes that it is reasonably likely that future results will be consistent with historical trends and experience. However, if the financial condition of the Company's customers were to deteriorate, resulting in an impairment of their ability to make payments, or if unexpected events or significant future changes in trends were to occur, additional allowances may be required.

Income Tax Assets and Liabilities. In establishing its deferred income tax assets and liabilities, the Company makes judgments and interpretations based on the enacted tax laws and published tax guidance that are

applicable to its operations. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured and recorded using current enacted tax rates, which the Company expects will apply to taxable income in the years in which those temporary differences are recovered or settled. The likelihood of a material change in the Company's expected realization of these assets is dependent on future taxable income, its ability to use foreign tax credit carryforwards and carrybacks, final U.S. and foreign tax settlements, and the effectiveness of its tax planning in the various relevant jurisdictions.

The Company also evaluates the need for valuation allowances to reduce the deferred tax assets to realizable amounts. Management evaluates all positive and negative evidence and uses judgment regarding past and future events, including operating results, to help determine when it is more likely than not that all or some portion of our deferred tax assets may not be realized. When appropriate, a valuation allowance is recorded against deferred tax assets to offset future tax benefits that may not be realized. In relation to actual net operating losses in certain foreign operations, valuation allowances of \$14.5 million were recorded as of September 30, 2008. If such losses are ultimately utilized to offset future operating income, the Company will benefit its deferred tax assets up to the full amount of the valuation reserve.

While management believes that its judgments and interpretations regarding income taxes are appropriate, significant differences in actual experience may materially affect the future financial results of the Company.

Goodwill Impairment. The Company assesses the impairment of goodwill annually, or more often if events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. Impairment assessments for goodwill are done at a reporting unit level. For purposes of this assessment, the Company's reporting units are its lines of business. In performing periodic impairment tests, the fair value of the reporting unit is compared to the carrying value, including goodwill and intangible assets. If the fair value exceeds the carrying value, there is no impairment. If the carrying value exceeds the fair value, however, an impairment condition exists.

The goodwill impairment assessment is based upon a discounted cash flow analysis. The estimate of future cash flows is based upon, among other things, a discount rate and certain assumptions about expected future operating performance. The discount rate used by management has been calculated on a consistent basis and has not fluctuated significantly. The primary assumptions related to future operating performance include revenue growth rates and expense levels. These assumptions are updated annually and are primarily based upon historical trends. Although management does not anticipate that these assumptions will change materially in the future, the Company's estimates of discounted cash flow may differ from actual cash flow due to, among other things, economic conditions, changes to its business model or changes in its operating performance. The Company completed its annual goodwill impairment analysis during the three months ended June 30, 2008, and determined that no adjustment to the carrying value of goodwill was required. Based upon the Company's most recent goodwill impairment analysis, management believes that unless a reporting unit were to be abandoned, the possibility of goodwill impairment as a result of a change in assumptions is unlikely.

Workers' Compensation. Except for states which require participation in state-operated insurance funds, the Company retains the economic burden for the first \$0.5 million per occurrence in workers' compensation claims. Workers' compensation includes ongoing healthcare and indemnity coverage for claims and may be paid over numerous years following the date of injury. Claims in excess of \$0.5 million are insured. Workers' compensation expense includes the insurance premiums for claims in excess of \$0.5 million, claims administration fees charged by the Company's workers' compensation administrator, premiums paid to state-operated insurance funds, and an estimate for the Company's liability for Incurred But Not Reported ("IBNR") claims and for the ongoing development of existing claims. Total workers' compensation expense was \$14.0 million and \$11.2 million, representing 0.54% and 0.43% of applicable U.S. revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

The accrual for IBNR claims and for the ongoing development of existing claims in each reporting period includes estimates. The Company has established reserves for workers' compensation claims using loss development rates which are estimated using periodic third-party actuarial valuations based upon historical loss

statistics which include the Company's historical frequency and severity of workers' compensation claims, and an estimate of future cost trends. While management believes that its assumptions and estimates are appropriate, significant differences in actual experience or significant changes in assumptions may materially affect the Company's future results. Based on the Company's results for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, a five-percentage point deviation in the Company's estimated loss development rates would have resulted in an increase or decrease in the allowance of \$0.6 million.

Stock-based Compensation. Under various stock plans, officers, employees and outside directors have received or may receive grants of restricted stock, stock units, stock appreciation rights or options to purchase common stock.

Compensation expense for restricted stock and stock units is generally recognized on a straight-line basis over the vesting period, based on the stock's fair market value on the grant date. The Company recognizes compensation expense for only the portion of restricted stock and stock units that is expected to vest, rather than record forfeitures when they occur. If the actual number of forfeitures differs from those estimated by management, additional adjustments to compensation expense may be required in future periods. For purposes of calculating stock-based compensation expense for retirement-eligible employees, the service period is assumed to be met on the grant date or retirement-eligible date, whichever is later.

No stock appreciation rights have been granted under the Company's existing stock plans.

The Company determines the fair value of options to purchase common stock using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The Company recognizes expense over the service period for options that are expected to vest and records adjustments to compensation expense at the end of the service period if actual forfeitures differ from original estimates. The Company has not granted any options to purchase common stock since 2006.

For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, compensation expense related to restricted stock and stock units was \$16.5 million and \$48.7 million, respectively, of which \$5.1 million and \$12.4 million, respectively, was related to grants made in 2008. A one-percentage point deviation in the estimated forfeiture rates would have resulted in a \$0.2 million and \$0.5 million increase or decrease in compensation expense related to restricted stock and stock units for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, respectively.

#### Recent Accounting Pronouncements

In December 2007, the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") issued SFAS No. 141(R), *Business Combinations* ("SFAS 141(R)"). SFAS 141(R) establishes principles and requirements for how an acquirer recognizes and measures in its financial statements the identifiable assets acquired, the liabilities assumed, any noncontrolling interest in the acquiree, and the goodwill acquired. SFAS 141(R) also establishes disclosure requirements to enable the evaluation of the nature and financial effects of the business combination. SFAS 141(R) is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 141(R) to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In December 2007, the FASB issued SFAS No. 160, *Noncontrolling Interests in Consolidated Financial Statements—an amendment of Accounting Research Bulletin No. 51* ("SFAS 160"). SFAS 160 establishes accounting and reporting standards for ownership interests in subsidiaries held by parties other than the parent, the amount of consolidated net income attributable to the parent and to the noncontrolling interest, changes in a parent's ownership interest, and the valuation of retained, noncontrolling equity investments when a subsidiary is deconsolidated. SFAS 160 also establishes disclosure requirements that clearly identify and distinguish between the interests of the parent and the interests of the noncontrolling owners. SFAS 160 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 160 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In September 2006, the FASB issued SFAS No. 157, Fair Value Measurements ("SFAS 157"), which defines fair value, establishes guidelines for measuring fair value and expands disclosures regarding fair value measurements. Subsequently in February 2008, the FASB issued FASB Staff Position 157-2, Effective Date of FASB Statement No. 157, which delays the effective date of SFAS 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities, except for items that are recognized and disclosed at fair value in the financial statements on a recurring basis, until fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The implementation of SFAS 157 for financial assets and liabilities, effective January 1, 2008, did not impact the Company's consolidated Financial Statements. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 157 for non-financial assets and liabilities to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In March 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 161, *Disclosures About Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities—an amendment of FASB Statement No. 133* ("SFAS 161"). SFAS 161 expands quarterly disclosure requirements included in SFAS No. 133, *Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities* ("SFAS 133"), about an entity's derivative instruments and hedging activities. SFAS No. 161 is effective for fiscal years beginning after November 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 161 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In May 2008, the FASB issued SFAS No. 162, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles* ("SFAS 162"). SFAS 162 identifies the sources of accounting principles and the framework for selecting the principles used in the preparation of financial statements. SFAS 162 is effective 60 days following the SEC's approval of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board amendments to AU Section 411, *The Meaning of Present Fairly in Conformity with Generally Accepted Accounting Principles*. The Company does not expect the adoption of SFAS 162 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

In June 2008, the FASB issued Staff Position No. EITF 03-6-1, *Determining Whether Instruments Granted in Share-Based Payment Transactions Are Participating Securities* ("FSP EITF 03-6-1"). FSP EITF 03-6-1 provides that unvested share-based payment awards that contain nonforfeitable rights to dividends are participating securities and should be included in the computation of earnings per share pursuant to the two-class method. FSP EITF 03-6-1 is effective for fiscal years beginning after December 15, 2008. The Company does not expect the adoption of FSP EITF 03-6-1 to have a material effect on its Financial Statements.

#### Results of Operations for the Three and Nine Months Ended September 30, 2008 and 2007

Temporary and consultant staffing services revenues were \$912 million and \$926 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, decreasing by 1% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant-currency basis, temporary and consultant staffing services revenues decreased 2% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Temporary and consultant staffing services revenues were \$2.8 billion and \$2.7 billion for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, increasing by 5% during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant-currency basis, temporary and consultant staffing services revenues increased 3% during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. The 2008 increase in temporary and consultant staffing services revenues is due to higher international revenues, particularly in Continental Europe.

Permanent placement revenues were \$108 million and \$113 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, decreasing by 4% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant-currency basis, permanent placement revenues decreased 5% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Permanent placement revenues were \$352 million and \$327 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, increasing by 8% during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant-currency basis, permanent placement revenues increased 4% during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. The 2008 increase in permanent placement revenues is due to higher international revenues, particularly in Continental Europe.

Risk consulting and internal audit services revenues were \$139 million and \$141 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, decreasing by 1% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant-currency basis, risk consulting and internal audit services revenues decreased 2% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Risk consulting and internal audit services revenues were \$423 million and \$401 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, increasing by 5% during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant-currency basis, risk consulting and internal audit services revenues increased 3% during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. The 2008 increase in risk consulting and internal audit services revenues is primarily due to higher international revenues, particularly in Asia.

There can be no assurances that there will be ongoing demand for Sarbanes-Oxley or other regulatory compliance services, or that future results can be reliably predicted by considering past trends or extrapolating past results. We expect total Company revenues to continue to be impacted by general macroeconomic conditions in 2008.

The Company's temporary and permanent staffing services business has more than 370 offices in 42 states, the District of Columbia and 20 foreign countries, while Protiviti has more than 60 offices in 23 states and 15 foreign countries. Revenues from foreign operations represented 29% and 24% of revenues for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively.

Gross margin dollars from the Company's temporary and consultant staffing services represent revenues less direct costs of services, which consist of payroll, payroll taxes and insurance costs for temporary employees, and reimbursable expenses. Gross margin dollars for the Company's temporary and consultant staffing services were \$334 million and \$346 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, decreasing by 3% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant-currency basis, temporary and consultant staffing services gross margin dollars decreased 4% for the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Gross margin amounts equaled 37% of revenues for temporary and consultant staffing services for both the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007. Gross margin dollars for the Company's temporary and consultant staffing services were \$1.0 billion for both the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007. On a constant-currency basis, temporary and consultant staffing services gross margin dollars increased 2% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Gross margin amounts equaled 37% of revenues for temporary and consultant staffing services for both the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007.

Gross margin dollars from permanent placement staffing services represent revenues less reimbursable expenses. Gross margin dollars for the Company's permanent placement staffing division were \$108 million and \$113 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, decreasing by 4% during the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant currency basis, permanent placement staffing services gross margin dollars decreased 5% for the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Gross margin dollars for the Company's permanent placement staffing division were \$352 million and \$327 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, increasing by 8% during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. On a constant currency basis, permanent placement staffing services gross margin dollars increased 4% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007.

Gross margin dollars for risk consulting and internal audit services represent revenues less direct costs of services, which consist primarily of professional staff payroll, payroll taxes, insurance costs and reimbursable expenses. Gross margin dollars for the Company's risk consulting and internal audit division were \$41 million and \$42 million for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, decreasing by 4% in 2008. On a constant currency basis, risk consulting and internal audit services gross margin dollars decreased 5% for the three months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Gross margin amounts

equaled 29% and 30% of revenues for risk consulting and internal audit services for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Gross margin dollars for the Company's risk consulting and internal audit division were \$120 million and \$126 million for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively, decreasing by 5% in 2008. On a constant currency basis, risk consulting and internal audit services gross margin dollars decreased 7% for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to the same period in 2007. Gross margin amounts equaled 28% and 31% of revenues for risk consulting and internal audit services for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. The year-over-year margin decline is due primarily to the higher mix of non-U.S. revenues.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$374 million and \$1.2 billion in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, compared to \$381 million and \$1.1 billion in the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007. Selling, general and administrative expenses as a percentage of revenues were 32% for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007. Selling, general and administrative expenses consist primarily of staff compensation, advertising, depreciation and occupancy costs.

For acquisitions, the Company allocates the excess of cost over the fair market value of the net tangible assets first to identifiable intangible assets, if any, and then to goodwill. Identifiable intangible assets are amortized over their lives, typically ranging from two to five years. Goodwill is not amortized, but is tested at least annually for impairment. The Company completed its annual goodwill impairment analysis during the three months ended June 30, 2008, and determined that no adjustment to the carrying value of goodwill was required. Net intangible assets, consisting primarily of goodwill, represented 13% of total assets and 18% of total stockholders' equity at September 30, 2008.

Interest income for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, was \$2.8 million and \$4.1 million, respectively. Interest income for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, was \$8.8 million and \$13.3 million, respectively. The lower 2008 interest income was primarily due to lower average cash balances and lower interest rates. Interest expense for the three months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, was \$1.5 million and \$0.9 million, respectively. Interest expense for the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, was \$4.0 million and \$3.1 million, respectively.

The provision for income taxes was 40% of income before taxes for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2008, and 39% for both the three and nine months ended September 30, 2007.

#### Liquidity and Capital Resources

The change in the Company's liquidity during the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, is primarily the net effect of funds generated by operations and the funds used for capital expenditures, repurchases of common stock and payment of dividends.

Cash, and cash equivalents were \$374 million and \$329 million at September 30, 2008 and 2007, respectively. Operating activities provided \$333 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2008, partially offset by \$63 million and \$194 million of net cash used in investing activities and financing activities, respectively. Operating activities provided \$311 million during the nine months ended September 30, 2007, offset by \$94 million and \$354 million of net cash used in investing activities and financing activities, respectively.

Operating activities—Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, was composed of net income of \$211 million, adjusted for non-cash items of \$111 million, and net cash provided by changes in working capital of \$11 million. Net cash provided by operating activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was composed of net income of \$217 million adjusted for non-cash items of \$90 million, and net cash provided by changes in working capital of \$4 million.

Investing activities—Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, was \$63 million. This was primarily composed of capital expenditures of \$55 million and deposits to trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans of \$7 million. Cash used in investing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$94 million. This was primarily composed of capital expenditures of \$64 million, purchases of goodwill and other intangible assets of \$19 million and deposits to trusts for employee benefits and retirement plans of \$11 million.

Financing activities—Cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2008, was \$194 million. This included repurchases of \$169 million in common stock and \$52 million in cash dividends to stockholders, offset primarily by proceeds of \$27 million from exercises of stock options. Cash used in financing activities for the nine months ended September 30, 2007 was \$354 million. This included repurchases of \$368 million in common stock and \$50 million in cash dividends to stockholders, partially offset by proceeds of \$49 million from exercises of stock options and the excess tax benefits from stock-based compensation of \$15 million.

As of September 30, 2008, the Company is authorized to repurchase, from time to time, up to 13.8 million additional shares of the Company's common stock on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions, depending on market conditions. During the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, the Company repurchased 5.4 million shares and 9.2 million shares of common stock on the open market for a total cost of \$131 million and \$315 million, respectively. Additional stock repurchases were made in connection with employee stock plans, whereby Company shares were tendered by employees for the payment of exercise price and applicable statutory withholding taxes. During both the nine months ended September 30, 2008 and 2007, such repurchases totaled 1.5 million shares, at a cost of \$38 million and \$55 million, respectively. Repurchases of securities have been funded with cash generated from operations.

The Company's working capital at September 30, 2008, included \$374 million in cash and cash equivalents. The Company's working capital requirements relate primarily to accounts receivable. While there can be no assurances in this regard, the Company expects that internally generated cash will be sufficient to support the working capital needs of the Company, the Company's fixed payments, dividends, and other obligations on both a short- and long-term basis. However, continued or increased volatility and disruption in the global capital and credit markets could negatively impact the Company's business operations and therefore its liquidity and ability to meet working capital needs.

On October 29, 2008, the Company announced a quarterly dividend of \$.11 per share to be paid to all shareholders of record on November 25, 2008. The dividend will be paid on December 15, 2008.

#### ITEM 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

The Company is exposed to the impact of foreign currency fluctuations. The Company's exposure to foreign currency exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's foreign subsidiaries. Exchange rates impact the U.S. dollar value of the Company's reported earnings, investments in its foreign subsidiaries, and the intercompany transactions with its foreign subsidiaries.

For the nine months ended September 30, 2008, approximately 29% of the Company's revenues were generated outside of the United States. These operations transact business in their functional currency. As a result, fluctuations in the value of foreign currencies against the U.S. dollar, particularly the Canadian dollar, British pound, and Euro, have an impact on the Company's reported results. Revenues and expenses denominated in foreign currencies are translated into U.S. dollars at the monthly average exchange rates prevailing during the period. Consequently, as the value of the U.S. dollar changes relative to the currencies of the Company's non-U.S. markets, the Company's reported results vary.

Fluctuations in currency exchange rates impact the U.S. dollar amount of the Company's stockholders' equity. The assets and liabilities of the Company's non-U.S. subsidiaries are translated into U.S. dollars at the exchange rates in effect at period end. The resulting translation adjustments are recorded in stockholders' equity as a component of accumulated other comprehensive income.

#### ITEM 4. Controls and Procedures

Management, including the Company's Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and the Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer, evaluated the effectiveness of the design and operation of the Company's disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report. Based upon that evaluation, the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer and the Vice Chairman and Chief Financial Officer concluded that the disclosure controls and procedures were effective to ensure that information required to be disclosed in the reports the Company files and submits under the Exchange Act is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the rules and forms of the Securities and Exchange Commission and that information required to be disclosed by the Company in the reports that it files or submits under the Exchange Act is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including its principal executive and principal financial officers, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

There have been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting identified in connection with the evaluation required by Rule 13a-15 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 that occurred during the Company's last fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

#### PART II—OTHER INFORMATION

#### **ITEM 1. Legal Proceedings**

On September 16, 2008, Plaintiff Donald R. Green, on behalf of himself and a putative class of all temporary staffing employees in California, filed a complaint in California Superior Court naming the Company and one of its wholly owned subsidiaries as Defendants. The complaint alleges that temporary employees in California were improperly denied expense reimbursement and wages for time purportedly spent preparing for interviews, and traveling to and attending interviews with, alleged clients of Defendants. Plaintiff seeks penalties and equitable and legal remedies under Section 17200 of the California Business and Professions Code and Sections 1194 and 2802 of the California Labor Code. At this stage of the litigation, it is not feasible to predict the outcome of or a range of loss, should a loss occur from this proceeding, and accordingly, no amounts have been provided in the accompanying financial statements. The Company believes it has meritorious defenses to the allegations, and the Company intends to vigorously defend against the litigation.

The Company's Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 2008 and the Company's Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 2007, contained disclosure regarding a complaint filed against the Company and one of its wholly owned subsidiaries on December 6, 2004, by Plaintiffs Ian O'Donnell and David Jolicoeur, on behalf of themselves and a putative class of salaried Staffing Managers, Account Executives and Account Managers. As the Company disclosed in its previous filings, the Court has previously denied conditional certification of Plaintiffs' federal claims as a collective action and Plaintiffs' state law claims as a class action. On October 21, 2008, the Court denied Plaintiffs' motion to conduct discovery on class claims and directed that discovery be limited to the individual claims of the named plaintiffs. The case remains limited to three individuals. Subject to an interlocutory appeal or post judgment appeal being granted and the Court's October 21, 2008 order being overturned or modified, the Company believes that the litigation is not currently a material pending legal proceeding. Accordingly, the Company does not presently intend to make disclosures regarding this case in its future Securities and Exchange Commission filings.

There have been no material developments with regard to the other legal proceedings previously disclosed in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2007 and its quarterly report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2008.

#### ITEM 1A. Risk Factors

In the risk factor disclosed in the Company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K titled "The Company and certain subsidiaries are defendants in several class action lawsuits alleging various wage and hour claims that could cause the Company to incur substantial liabilities," the Company references a total of five class and representative lawsuits, four in California, and one in Massachusetts. As disclosed in Part II, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q, the Company believes, for the reasons set forth therein, that the O'Donnell action, pending in Massachusetts, is not a material pending legal proceeding, and, the Company does not presently intend to make disclosures regarding such case in its future Securities and Exchange Commission filings. In addition, also as disclosed in Part II, Item 1 of this Form 10-Q, a new action (the "Donald Green Action") was recently filed in California. Accordingly, the above titled risk factor is revised to reflect that there are five class or representative actions referenced in such risk factor, all of which are pending in California. Further, the Donald Green Action alleges, among other things, that temporary employees in California were improperly denied expense reimbursement and wages for time purportedly spent preparing for, traveling to, and attending interviews with alleged clients of the Company and one of its wholly owned subsidiaries, and seeks compensation for such expenses and wages, penalties and injunctive relief, as well as attorneys' fees. The description of the allegations and the relief sought with respect to the other actions contained in this risk factor in such Form 10-K remain unchanged.

The following risk factor is added:

The Global Financial Crisis May Harm the Company's Business and Financial Condition. Many financial and economic analysts are predicting that the world economy may be entering into a prolonged economic downturn characterized by high unemployment, limited availability of credit and decreased consumer and business spending. Given the nature of the Company's business, financial results could be significantly harmed should such a downturn occur. In the past, the Company's business has suffered during periods of high unemployment as demand for staffing services tends to significantly decrease during such periods. This impact on the Company's business could be further dramatized during the current downturn given the unprecedented impact it has had and may continue to have on the global credit markets. In addition, the impact of the credit crisis could harm the Company's financial condition. At September 30, 2008, the Company had \$374 million in cash and cash equivalents. The Company has historically invested these amounts in U.S. treasuries and government agencies, bank deposits, corporate debt, money market funds, commercial paper and municipal bonds meeting certain criteria. Certain of these investments are subject to general credit, liquidity, market and interest rate risks. These risks associated with the Company's investment portfolio may negatively impact the Company's financial condition.

There have not been any material changes with respect to the other risk factors disclosed in such Form 10-K.

Maximum

#### ITEM 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds

Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

	Total Number of Shares Purchased	Average Price Paid per Share	Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans	Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under Publicly Announced Plans (c)
July 1, 2008 to July 31, 2008	86,790(a)	\$24.82	_	14,676,119
August 1, 2008 to August 31, 2008	59,721(a)	\$26.90	_	14,676,119
September 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008	864,066(b)	\$24.73	863,200	13,812,919
Total July 1, 2008 to September 30, 2008	1,010,577		863,200	

<sup>(</sup>a) Represents shares repurchased in connection with employee stock plans, whereby Company shares were tendered by employees for the payment of applicable withholding taxes and/or exercise price.

#### ITEM 3. Defaults Upon Senior Securities

None.

#### ITEM 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

None.

<sup>(</sup>b) Includes 866 shares repurchased in connection with employee stock plans, whereby Company shares were tendered by employees for the payment of applicable withholding taxes and/or exercise price.

<sup>(</sup>c) Commencing in October 1997, the Company's Board of Directors has, at various times, authorized the repurchase, from time to time, of the Company's common stock on the open market or in privately negotiated transactions depending on market conditions. Since plan inception, a total of 78,000,000 shares have been authorized for repurchase of which 64,187,081 shares have been repurchased as of September 30, 2008.

#### ITEM 5. Other Information

On October 29, 2008, Thomas J. Ryan retired from the Company's Board of Directors. Following his retirement, the size of the Board was reduced from eight members to seven members. The retirement of Mr. Ryan was not the result of any disagreement with the Company on any matter relating to the Company's operations, policies or practices.

#### ITEM 6. Exhibits

- 3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.1 to Registrant's Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended June 30, 2001.
- 3.2 By-Laws, incorporated by reference to Exhibit 3.2 to Registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2003.
- 31.1 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Rule 13a-14(a) Certification of Chief Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Executive Officer.
- 32.2 Section 1350 Certification of Chief Financial Officer.

#### **SIGNATURES**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

ROBERT HALF INTERNATIONAL INC. (Registrant)

/s/ M. KEITH WADDELL

M. Keith Waddell
Vice Chairman, President and Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and
duly authorized signatory)

Date: October 31, 2008

#### Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

I, Harold M. Messmer, Jr., certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Robert Half International Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 31, 2008

#### Certification Pursuant to Rule 13a-14 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

#### I, M. Keith Waddell, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this report on Form 10-Q of Robert Half International Inc.;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: October 31, 2008

### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2008 of Robert Half International Inc. (the "Form 10-Q"), I, Harold M. Messmer, Jr., Chief Executive Officer of Robert Half International Inc., certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Form 10-Q fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Robert Half International Inc.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Robert Half International Inc. and will be retained by Robert Half International Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

/s/ Harold M. Messmer, Jr.

Harold M. Messmer, Jr. Chief Executive Officer Robert Half International Inc.

October 31, 2008

### CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for the fiscal quarter ended September 30, 2008 of Robert Half International Inc. (the "Form 10-Q"), I, M. Keith Waddell, Chief Financial Officer of Robert Half International Inc., certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- 1. The Form 10-Q fully complies with the requirements of Section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- 2. The information contained in the Form 10-Q fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of Robert Half International Inc.

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906, or other document authenticating, acknowledging, or otherwise adopting the signature that appears in typed form within the electronic version of this written statement required by Section 906, has been provided to Robert Half International Inc. and will be retained by Robert Half International Inc. and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

/s/ M. Keith Waddell

M. Keith Waddell Chief Financial Officer Robert Half International Inc.

October 31, 2008